

Workplace Health and Safety Act 2011

The RTO is committed to providing and maintaining a safe and healthy environment for the benefit of all clients, visitors and employees.

The RTO monitors and maintains the appropriate Workplace Health and Safety levels and obligations under the Federal and State rules and regulations of the NSW Work Health and Safety Act 2011.

If students have any concerns or notice a condition or practice that seems unsafe, it is important that it is brought to the attention of the RTO management this generally occurs through the Trainer / Assessor.

According to Division 2, Section 19 - Primary duty of care:

- a) A person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, the health and safety of:
 - workers engaged, or caused to be engaged by the person, and
 - workers whose activities in carrying out work are influenced or directed by the person, while the workers are at work in the business or undertaking.
- b) A person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, that the health and safety of other persons is not put at risk from work carried out as part of the conduct of the business or undertaking.
- c) Without limiting subsections (1) and (2), a person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable:
 - the provision and maintenance of a work environment without risks to health and safety, and
 - the provision and maintenance of safe plant and structures, and
 - the provision and maintenance of safe systems of work, and
 - the safe use, handling, and storage of plant, structures and substances, and
 - the provision of adequate facilities for the welfare at work of workers in carrying out work for the business or undertaking, including ensuring access to those facilities, and
 - the provision of any information, training, instruction or supervision that is necessary to protect all persons from risks to their health and safety arising from work carried out as part of the conduct of the business or undertaking, and
 - that the health of workers and the conditions at the workplace are monitored for the purpose of preventing illness or injury of workers arising from the conduct of the business or undertaking.

According to Division 4 of the Act:

28 Duties of workers

While at work, a worker must:

a) take reasonable care for his or her own health and safety, and



- b) take reasonable care that his or her acts or omissions do not adversely affect the health and safety of other persons, and
- c) comply, so far as the worker is reasonably able, with any reasonable instruction that is given by the person conducting the business or undertaking to allow the person to comply with this Act, and
- co-operate with any reasonable policy or procedure of the person conducting the business or undertaking relating to health or safety at the workplace that has been notified to workers.
- 29 Duties of other persons at the workplace

A person at a workplace (whether or not the person has another duty under this Part) must:

- a) take reasonable care for his or her own health and safety, and
- b) take reasonable care that his or her acts or omissions do not adversely affect the health and safety of other persons, and
- c) comply, so far as the person is reasonably able, with any reasonable instruction that is given by the person conducting the business or undertaking to allow the person conducting the business or undertaking to comply with this Act.



WHS Incident Report

The WHS Incident Report is utilised to record injuries and incidences that occur within the RTO/workplace and must be completed whenever an injury or incident is identified. The form collects data on the incident, personal details of the person who was injured and further action to be undertaken.

In the incident of a student injury, it is the responsibility of the Trainer/Assessor to complete the form with all the relevant details. In the incident of a staff member being injured, it is the responsibility of Administration Staff to complete the form with all the relevant details.

All staff and students are required to be safety aware and report all incidents, including an identified hazard or an injury that has occurred on the RTO premises or whilst on work placement. These should be either reported to your trainer or to the administration office at the RTO.

The following procedure should be followed when reporting an incident after the event and when the area/person has been declared safe:

- 1. Obtain a copy of the "WHS Incident Report" form from either a trainer or the administration office at the RTO.
- 2. Complete the form to the best of your abilities, by ensuring all fields are completed on pages 1, and 2, as indicated.
- 3. Submit completed copy to reception at the RTO office.
- 4. Reception are required to forward the form to the WHS Officer
- 5. Your supervisor will identify and implement any controls and forward to the WHS Coordinator.
- 6. WHS Coordinator to complete pages 3 and 4 of the report "Action Required/Taken", including:
 - a. How was the risk managed
 - b. Whether the relevant safety authority and/or the insurance company was contacted
- 7. WHS Coordinator to identify whether a required WHS Risk Assessment is required.
- 8. WHS Officer to log the "WHS Incident Report" into the "WHS Register" and file.
- 9. All incidences to be discussed at the next Quality and Compliance Meeting.
- 10. In the case of minor incidences an "Opportunity for Improvement" form should be completed.

Hazard Identification

Everyone is responsible for identifying and reporting hazards, which includes students, sub-contractors and employees of the RTO. If you identify a hazard, please report it to either your RTO Manager or the administration office. You will be required to complete either an *WHS Injury Report Form* or a *Hazard Identification Report Form*.

It is important all staff report any injury immediately, by completing a *WHS Injury Report Form*, which located in the *Trainers Folder* or in the *Administration Office*. If any staff have any concerns or notice a condition or practice that seems unsafe, it is important it is brought to the attention of RTO Manager or an Administration staff member of the RTO.



Emergency Procedures

An emergency situation may be described as an incident that has the potential to cause loss of life or serious injury to personnel, or major damage to equipment or property. An emergency situation develops suddenly and unexpectedly and requires immediate action to bring under control.

In the event of an emergency, if practical, save human life or prevent the emergency from escalating eg. remove people from the area, fight the fire with appropriate firefighting equipment or turn off services.

Fire Emergency

If the emergency situation involves a fire the following points should be remembered if attempting to fight the fire:

- 1. When using a fire extinguisher do not aim the nozzle at the centre of the fire. Work from near edge and with a sweeping motion drive the fire to the far edge.
- 2. Do not stand down wind or downhill of a fire.
- 3. If there is any chance of chemicals or explosives in the fire, evacuate the area.
- 4. If there is any doubt about it being an electrical fire, treat it as an electrical fire.
- 5. If unable to immediately control the situation it must be reported by available means such as, telephone, etc.
- 6. You must notify your name, type of emergency, location of the emergency and assistance required.
- 7. Never take any unnecessary risks in attempting to control the situation. Evacuate first.

You need to make yourself aware of Emergency Procedures, the location of fire extinguishers or hose reels and the location of the Evacuation Meeting Point.

Evacuation Procedure

In the event of an emergency situation eg: a fire, bomb threat, gas leak etc... each employee/contractor is required to follow the Evacuation Procedures below.

- 1. Upon notification to evacuate, eg alarm or a warning from the Fire Warden, each employee/contractor is to await further instructions from the Fire Warden.
- 2. Once the Fire Warden has given instructions to evacuate each staff member should:
 - a. follow the Fire Warden to the Evacuation Meeting Point
 - b. leave the building in an orderly manner, and
 - c. meet at the Evacuation Meeting Point indicated on the signs located around the building.
- 3. Upon arriving at the Evacuation Meeting Point please await further instructions from the Fire Warden or the Emergency Services.
- 4. Please do not leave the Evacuation Meeting Point until you are instructed to do so, as a roll call will be initiated to ensure that there are no employees/contractors or students left behind in the building.